

THIS IS THE TIME I WAS WAITING FOR,
AND FINALLY IT HAS COME..... A LONG BREAK FROM SCHOOL,
TO ENJOY THE SUMMER FUN. HOLIDAYS ARE JOLLY DAYS,
TO SIMPLY LAZE AROUND...... TO LEARN SOMETHING NEW EACH DAY,
AND BECOME SMARTER EVERY WAY.

Holiday homework is an attempt to channelize the creative energy of the children. Doing it in the right spirit with enthusiasm will make it a great learning experience. Make sure that your work is neat, presentable, and original and conforms to the guidelines.



Daily activities to keep your child's brain engaged over the summer.

Special Note: -

- Take out the Printout of worksheets on A-4 size sheets, keep them in a folder and present it beautifully.
- Holidays Homework consist 10 marks for each subject.
- Date of submission: 15 July 2019 (Monday)
- Revise the syllabus taught in the month of April and May.
- ❖ Prepare a model and chart (choose the same topic for both chart & model) on any one of the topic given below according to Roll No's:-

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Subject	Roll No.
English – Articles, Verbs, Any scene describing Nouns	1 - 10
हिंदी - मुहावरे, विशेषण, पर्यायवाची शब्द	11 - 20
Maths – Fractions, Symmetry & Patterns , Decimals, Addition	21- 30
> E.V.S -	
 5 birds / Animals with their young ones 	
 5 traditional dishes prepared during festivals 	
 Journey of wheat grain from the field to your table as chapatti 	31 -40

Dear Parent,

Different types of languages are spoken by people from different regions, but the most important thing is that any language when spoken should be spoken correctly. The two common languages that our children should be able to speak fluently are Hindi and English. Since English is a universal language spoken and understood by people all over the world, we want our children also to be proficient in speaking it and for this we need full support and cooperation. We would appreciate if you adhere to the following points:

1. Speak with your child in English. Encourage reading habits.
2. Read out story-books and after finishing the story discuss it with your child.
3. Encourage Word Building and Picture Talk.
The teachers are trying to encourage the children to use simple words, phrases and sentences like:

May I go to play?

May I go to play?

May I go to play?

Madam, may I go to drink water?

Madam, may I go to drink water?

Madam, may I go to drink water?

Madam, may I go to wash my hands?

Madam, may I go to wash my hands?

Madam, may I go to wash my hands?

Madam, may I go to pay my school fees?

Madam, may I so to pay my school fees?

Madam, I kane last as I missed my bus.

Madam, I kane last my shoes / blazer / tiffin box / water bottle etc.

Madam, I kane last my shoes / blazer / tiffin box / water bottle etc.

Madam, I kane last as I missed my bus.

Madam, I'm sorry I couldn't complete my Home Work as I was unwell.

Madam, may I borrow a pencil / eraser / ruler etc. from my partner as I've forgotten to bring it today.

I am sorry for the delay.

Could you please shut the door.

Use of magic words like excuse me, sorry, thanks, please.

When asking for something, say "Thank you."

Do not interrupt grown-ups who are speaking with each other unless there is an emergency.

If you need to get somebody's attention right away, the phrase "excuse me" is the most polite way for you to enter the conversation.

When you have any doubt about doing something, ask permission first. It can save you from many

Children can be encouraged to use simple words and sentences at home also. For example —

• Mummy, can I help you in the kitchen?

• Mummy, can I help you wash the dishes today?

• Papa, can I help you wash the dishes today?

• Papa, can I help you wash the car?

• Grandpa, should I help you put the thread in the needle?

• Mummy, can I get you a glass of water?

• Mummy, and I take some more Ice-Cream from the fridge?

• Papa, I'm sorry I was rude to you.

• Papa, please teach me how to ride a bicycle.

• Mummy, can I join the summer workshop in the school?

• Mummy, can I help you wash and soak the rice?

• Mummy, I will make a cup of tea for you. Please tell me where are the tea leaves.

• Mummy, I will make a cup of tea for you. Please tell me where are the tea leaves.

• Mummy, can you teach me to make cold coffee please?

• Didi, can you help me find my English note book?

• Papa, can we go for cycling together today?

Wishing parents and elders Good Morning, Good Afternoon, Good Evening and Good Night.

If we, as teachers and parents make a sincere effort and pay attention to the above mentioned points, we can help our children to learn, to understand and speak English at an early age.

Special Note:

An outline of the various activities is given below. Parents are requested to guide the children to do the work themselves.

READING TIME:

Reading story books enhances language and vocabulary development. Make bedtime reading a ritual with your child (with pictures and large text) and help him/her to read from left to right, placing the index finger on the text. After reading stoles ask questions such as "Did you like the story?", "Who was your favourite character in the story?" etc

Help your child to plant a sapling and water it every day.

Discuss with your child about the importance of saving electricity and ask your child to talk to at least 5 friends about different ways of saving electricity.

English

- Read Lesson 4 Prodigol Son, Lesson 5 The Magic Pot of English Literature and write difficult words & learn them.
- Do 2 to 3 pages daily to complete cursive writing book.

ENGLISH WORKSHEET 1

NAME	CLASS- 4/

Comprehension

A. Read the passage and write True or False for these sentences.

The common nightingale is also known as rufous nightingale. It is famous for its melodious voice and beautiful songs. Nightingales are dull-coloured with a reddish tail. They feed on insects. They are mainly found in forest and scrub areas of Europe, south-west Asia and West Africa. They are not found naturally in North and South America. The name common nightingale has been used for more than 1000 years! Female nightingales do not sing – it is only the males that sing. The song is loud, ranging from whistles, trills to gurgles. Their songs can especially be heard at night because few other birds sing at that time. This is why they are called 'nightingale'. They sing even more loudly in or near urban areas, in order to overcome the background noise. The melodious voice of nightingales has inspired songs, fairy tales, books and poetry. Some famous poets who have written poems on nightingales are Shakespeare and Wordsworth.

	who have written poems on ing
1.	The common nightingale is also known as rufous nightingale.
2.	Nightingales are found naturally in North and South America.
3.	Only female nightingales sing.
4.	Some famous poets who have written poems on nightingales are Shakespeare and Wordsworth.
В.	Fill in the blanks with the correct answers.
1.	Common nightingales are mainly found in areas.
	a. bushes b. forest and scrub c. plains
2.	They are not found naturally in
	a. Europe. b. Asia. c. America.
3.	The song of a nightingale ranges from,
٠.	to
	a. whistles, trills to gurgles. b. whistles, chatter to gurgles. c. whistles, trills to cluck
4.	Nightingales sing more loudly in urban or near urban areas, in order to
	a. other songbirds. b. pollution. c. background noise.
5	and have written poems on the nightingale.
	a. Shakespeare, Blake b. Shakespeare, Wordsworth c. Shakespeare, Shelley

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	Match the words from the passage	a. musical	
	urban	b. a bubbling sound	
	gurgle melodious	c. town or city	•
		5. 65.12 5. 65.7	
	Answer these questions.		
1.	What are nightingales famous for?		
	Wil is being soles mainly found)	~
2.	Where are nightingales mainly found	•	**
3.	Describe the song of the common nig	ghtingale.	
<i>J</i> .	Describe the song of the comment	8 - 8	
		A company of the comp	oran opening geography and a series of the s
4.	Why does a nightingale sing even mo	ore loudly in or near urban areas?	al block and Class of Alberta on the all confidences and the



Q- See the picture carefully and make 10 sentences –	
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ENGLISH WORKSHEET 3

	b) N c) (d)	The soldiers wished to go back home.
2	Rev	write these sentences as instructed within the brackets.
۷.	a)	Dogs make amazing pet. (question)
	b)	Rina gifted me an amazing book. (exclamatory)
	c)	What a cold night it is! (statement)
	d)	Will you please keep quiet? (imperative)
	e)	Are thee things we can do to reduce pollution? (statement)
3	. Co a) b) c) d)	made of silk is mine.

				ENGLISH WORKSH	IEET 4	
L.	Fill in the blanks with the names of the persons who do these thin Choose from the box.				these things.	
r				farmer	architect	chef
	Cobb	ler	sculptor	Tarriter	uremees	
				:[dimas		
	a) A	person \	who designs b	ullulligs.		
	b) A	person \	who grows cro	ps in fields.		
	c) A	person	who mends br	oken snoes.		
	d) A	person	who carves sta	atues.		
	e) A	person	heads the kitc	hen in a hotel.		
					in brackets	
2.	Fill in	n the bla	nks with plura	als of the nouns	(shalf)	
	a) T	he	were	full of books.	(shell)	
	b) I	sliced th	ree	to make a	a salad. (tomato)	ak in the IPI
	c) Y	uvraj Si	ngh was prai	sed for the	he too	JK III the II L.
	(catch)			in to die. /	(ai+) ()
	d) T	here are	e many metrop	politan	in India. ((CILY)
	e) <i>A</i>	All the ch	ildren in the s	school were giv	en	(diary)
-	und a) <u>!</u>	erlined v <u>He</u> is the	words. heir to the th	rone.	changing the go	
	b)	She rem	ained a <u>spinst</u>	<u>er</u> .		
	c)	They hav	ve brought a n	new <u>lion</u> to the	zoo.	
	d)	The <u>hor</u> s	se cleared the	hurdle easily.		
	e)	<u>Не</u> is а g	generous <u>host</u> .	- 17		
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हिंदी

पाठ्यपुस्तक	: पाठ ३ - ४ पाढ़र व पाठ म प्रयुक्त काठन राब्दा का अम्यास कार्जिए।
	अधिन्यासकार्य 1
ਕਾ ਸ-	क्रथा- नौशी /

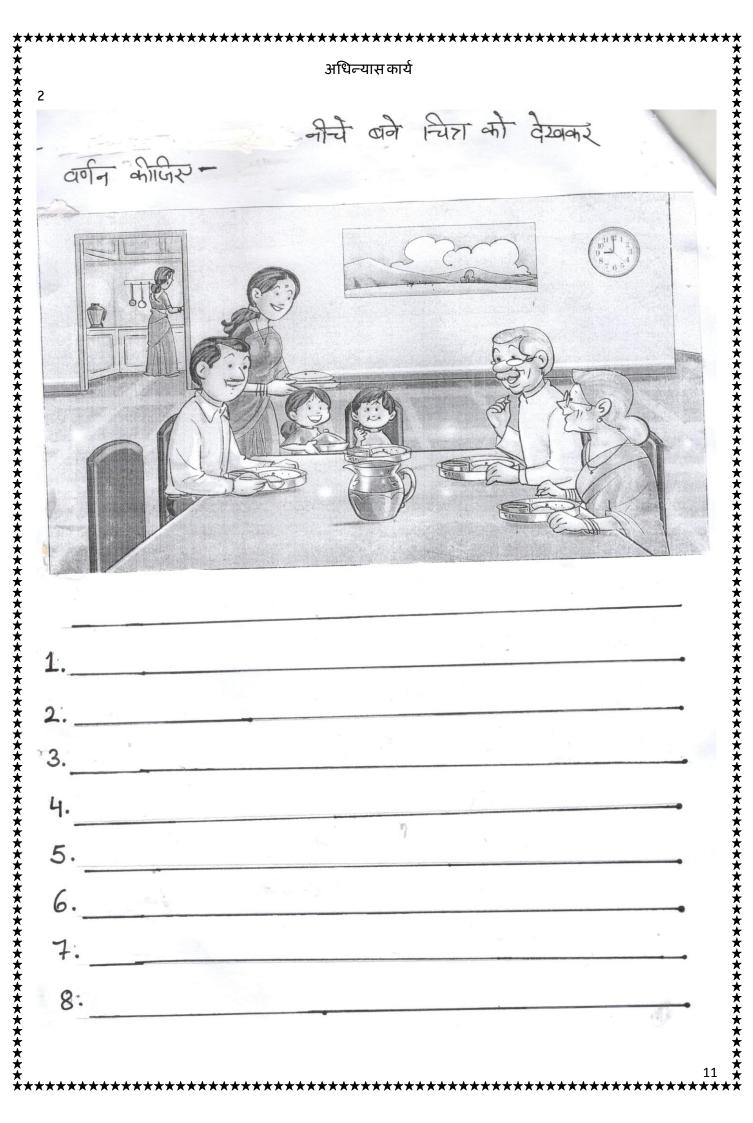
अपिठत गद्यांश

हमारी स्वतंत्रता और सम्मान का प्रतीक तिरंगा झंडा हमारी शान है। केसिरया रंग में हमारे वीरों की बहादुरी और बिलदान छिपा है। सफ़ेद रंग हमारे विचारों की पिवत्रता को प्रकट करता है। इस रंग में महात्मा बुद्ध की दया दिखाई देती है, गांधी की अहिंसा मुसकराती है। हरा रंग हिरयाली और खुशहाली का प्रतीक है। हमारा देश किसानों का देश है, मेहनत करने वाले श्रिमकों का देश है। इसमें हमारी पंचवर्षीय योजनाओं की सफलता छिपी है। तिरंगे के बीच अशोक चक्र गित तथा प्रगति का प्रतीक है। गित जीवन है। सफ़ेद पट्टी के बीचो बना यह चक्र शांति के लिए पिरवर्तन लाने की शिक्षा भी देता है। इन तीनों रंगों में हमारी एकता की कहानी लिखी है। यह झंडा हमारी आन है, प्राण है। इसे ऊँचा रखने में ही हमारा मान है।

प्रश्न-

तिरंगे का केसरिया रंग किसकी याद दिलाता है?
विचारों की प्रवित्रता बताने वाला सफ़ेद रंग क्या संदेश देता है?

- 3. हरे रंग में क्या छिपा है?
 - 4. अशोक-चक्र किसका प्रतीक है?



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(4)	किया गया।	मि म हिस्स यम राजनाया र		
(ख) प्रतिवर्ष हिंदी वि	देवस ''''' को म	नाया जाता है।	,
(ग) हमारे संविधान	में भाषाएँ	स्वीकृत हैं।	
(ঘ) संस्कृत भाषा व	की लिपि है	l	•
(ङ) पत्र भाषा का	रूप है।		
2. निम्न	ालिखित कथनों	के सामने (√) अथवा	गलत (×) का चि	र्न लगाइए-
(क) उर्दू भाषा की	लिपि देवनागरी है।		
(ख) बोली का क्षेत्र	भाषा की तुलना में छोटा	होता है।	
(ग) लिपि में साहित	त्य लिखा जाता है।		
(ঘ) व्याकरण हमें :	शुद्ध बोलना, पढ़ना एवं रि	लखना सिखाता है।	
4. भार	तीय संविधान में	मान्यताप्राप्त किन्हीं छह	भाषाओं के नाम र्	लेखिए-
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5. ¥	गब्दों में उच्चारण	 वे अनुसार अनुस्वार य	 ा अनुनासिक चिह्न	ा लगाइए—
	ग ब्दों में उच्चारण (क) अदर	के अनुसार अनुस्वार य (ख) अगूठा		
			(ग)	बासुरी
	(क) अदर	(ख) अगूठा	(ग)	बासुरी साप
	(क) अदर (घ) धुआ (छ) पखा	(ख) अगूठा (ङ) सब्जिय	(刊) (田) (朝)	बासुरी साप पजा
	(क) अदर (घ) धुआ (छ) पखा	(ख) अगूठा (ङ) सब्जिय (ज) रग	(刊) (田) (朝)	बासुरी साप पजा
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	(क) अदर (घ) धुआ (छ) पखा	(ख) अगूठा (ङ) सब्जिय (ज) रग	(刊) (田) (朝)	बासुरी साप पजा
	(क) अदर (घ) धुआ (छ) पखा	(ख) अगूठा (ङ) सब्जिय (ज) रग	(刊) (田) (朝)	बासुरी साप पजा

	(क) राष्ट्र	4	
	(ख) अक्षय		
	(ग) श्रुतलेख –		
	, (घ) पर्वत –		
	(ভ) কৃষক —		
3. स	🕽 उत्तर चुनकर 🕢 का चिह्न	लगाओ—	
क	. विचारों की पवित्रता प्रकट कर	ता है—	
	i. सफ़ेद रंग	ii. केसरिया	
	iii. हरा	ा iv. अशोक-चक्र	
ख	. झंडे के किस रंग में पंचवर्षीय	योजनाओं की सफलता छिपी है—	
	i. हरे	ii. सफ़ेद	
	iii. केसरिया	ांv. हरा−सफ़ेद	
10. 刊	मानार्थक शब्द लिखो—		
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			<u>.</u>	्या अलग म्थ	न पर लिखिए-
12.	संयुक्त और द्रि	वत्व व्यंजन वा	ने शब्द छाटकर	अलग-अलग स्थ	
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	संयुक्त व्यंजन				
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Maths

- 1. Practice dodging of tables 1-20 with your parents daily.
- 2. Using mathematical shapes, make an animal craft or a bird craft .

MATHS WORKSHEET 1

NAME-	CLASS- 4/

Leary Numbers

99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91
82	83	84	85	86	87	88	S	90
79	78	77	76>	75	74	3	72	71
62-	63	64	65	66	67>	68	69	70
59	58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51
42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
39	38	37	36	35	34	33	33	31
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	25	30
19	18	NZ.	16	15	14	13	X	Y 11
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	6	10
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Observe the picture given above and answer the following:

- There are in all _____1-digit numbers.
- 2. The smallest 2-digit number is _____.
- 3. The largest 2-digit number is _____.
- 4. There are in all ______ 2-digit numbers.
- 5. The top of the smallest ladder is at _____.
- 6. The bottom of the smallest ladder is at _____
- 7. This ladder covers _____ numbers in all.
 - 8. The head of the longest snake is at _____.
 - 9. The tail of the longest snake is at ______.
- 10. This snake covers _____ numbers in all.

MATHS WORKSHEET 2

Addition and Subtraction

	-			-		
1	Fill	in	the	h	an	Vo
	1 111	11 1	LIIC	U	all	DO.

2. What number is

- (a) 1600 more than 35261?
- (b) 2610 less than 18627?
- 3. By how much is 3714 less than 4000?
- 4. The sum of two numbers is 58400. If one number is 14600, what is the other number?
- 5. A house costs ₹ 5 lakhs. Mr Rao has ₹ 445000 in his bank. How much more money does he need to buy the house?
- 6. What do you get on simplifying:

7. There are 31111 men, 35020 women and 40000 children in a village. What is the total population of the village?

8. Write Yes or No:

- (a) Arjun wants to buy 1 kg of onions for ₹ 15 and 2 kg potatoes for ₹ 20. He has ₹ 55. Does he have enough money?
- (b) Sarla has ₹ 400. She wants to buy a Science Reader for ₹ 150, an English Reader for ₹ 50 and notebooks for ₹ 300. Does she have enough money?

- Read chapters 2, 8, 13, 14, 17 and also find any 5 keywords from them.
- 2. Choose and fill the names of flowers according to their uses.

Marigold Rose Tulsiflower Zinnia Cuticura Kachnar Jasmine Neem Banana flower Sahjan Indigo flower

SI	Uses	Name of the flowers
1	Flowers used for making colours to dye clothes.	
2	Flowers used as medicines	
3	Flowers from which scent is made	
4	Flowers that are cooked and eaten	
	* * * * *	

3.

A. Choose H	he correct answ	ver.			163 6
4 6187	, ,	olants .	d energy on earth? rc, soil		none of these
a. car	of these is nee bon dioxide to of the followin	. oxygen	od food in living thi c. water erals?	d.	none of these
2. 508	l t	, air	c. sunlight		none of these
		ig is a kind of su	gar made by the p	lants?	Calana
a. glu	cose b	. stomata	c. chiorophyll	0.	none of these



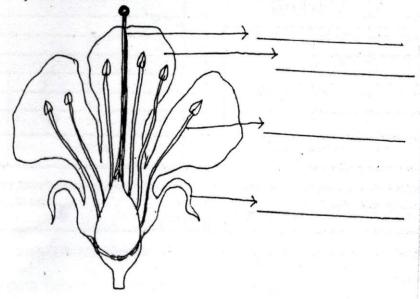




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4.	1.	Obs	erve t	he pi	ctures	and r	name	the fo	mous	5 m a ut		sonalities and also the
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	,											
6 Wr	ite how	mar	ny nla	vers	are ne	edec	d in a	team	to pl	av the	e follo	owing games
(ii) Foo	ot Ball						_ (iv	/) Cric	ket			9,

Name of fruits and vegetables	Colour	Weight	Price
Apple		1 Kg	Rs.
		1 dozen	Rs.
Banana	_	½ Kg	Rs.
Potato		1 Kg	Rs
Tomato		1/2 Kg	Rs.
Carrot	1	1/2 118	

6. Write how many players are needed in	n a team to play the following games
(i) Volley Ball	(iii) Base Ball
(ii) Foot Ball	(iv) Cricket



		→ → → → · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
8. Complete the following Spices	Names in your mother tongue	Spices	Names in your mother tongue
1. Cardamom		2. Cinnamon	TOTIBUL
3. Turmeric		4. Cloves	
5. Coriander seeds		6. Cumin seeds	
7. Ginger		8. Garlic	
9. Pepper corns		10. Bay leaf	
	itoms like fallen leav	10. Bay leaf	nos itams of diffor

